Examination 2513 Microeconomic Analysis

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Instructions:

- Please answer all six questions.
- Use of non-programmable calculators is allowed.
- Please put your name on all sheets.
- Please hand in all exam materials.

Question 1

Consider the following game with imperfect information:

		Player B	
		b_1	b_2
A	a_1	2, 3	1, 1
	a_2	1, 1	2, 3

- a) Find all Nash equilibria (including mixed-strategy ones).
- b) Given, the players play the mixed-strategy equilibrium, what is the probability of play of each of the possible pure action profiles?

Question 2

Two firms, A and B, can produce any quantity w_A , w_B they like at no costs. Inverse demand is $p = e^{-(w_A + w_B)}$.

- a) Compute A's reaction function.
- b) Compute the equilibrium quantity.
- c) Show that each player's best strategy is a dominant one.

Question 3

Consider the following game in simultaneous moves:

- a) Find all pure-strategy Nash equilibria.
- b) There is something special about one of the equilibria. Which one is it, and what is special about it?
- c) If there is a trembling hand perfect strategy to A, it must be a_2 . Why?

Question 4

In a Bertrand game of simultaneous price choice in a Duopoly, what will be the equilibrium, if both firms have the same marginal costs and try to maximize relative payoffs? Explain your answer (briefly!).

Question 5

Consider a game with the following payoffs:

- 1. Draw the extended form of the game for the case that A is the first mover. Find the subgame perfect equilibrium.
- 2. Transform the game into one in relative payoffs. Find the subgame perfect equilibrium.

Question 6

Consider a game with the following payoffs:

- a) Assuming the game is a simultaneous move one, find all pure strategy equilibria.
- b) Assuming the game is a sequential move one with A moving first, find all subgame perfect equilibria.
- c) Why are there more (pure strategy) equilibria in the sequential move game than in the simultaneous move game?